

Ardex SE Silicone ARDEX-QUICSEAL SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.

Chemwatch: **4661-42** Version No: **5.1** Safety Data Sheet Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code:

Issue Date: **01/11/2019** Print Date: **23/02/2022** S.GHS.SGP.EN

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Product Identifier

Product name	Ardex SE Silicone		
Chemical Name	Not Applicable		
Synonyms	Not Available		
Chemical formula	Not Applicable		
Other means of identification	Not Available		

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	ARDEX-QUICSEAL SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.		
Address	26 Tuas Avenue 4 639376 Singapore		
Telephone	+65 6861 7700		
Fax	+65 6741 4666		
Website	www.ardex-quicseal.com		
Email	marketing@ardex-quicseal.com		

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE			
Emergency telephone numbers	+6531381227			
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available			

Once connected and if the message is not in your prefered language then please dial 01

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 1

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

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Precautionary statement(s) Response

P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider.

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name	
17689-77-9	<5	ethyltriacetoxysilane	
63148-62-9	NotSpec	polydimethylsiloxane	
Not Available	NotSpec	fillers	
Not Available	NotSpec	auxillary substances	

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Wash out immediately with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.	
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

- ► Foam.
- Dry chemical powder.
- BCF (where regulations permit).
- ► Carbon dioxide.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	Fire Incompatibility Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result				
Advice for firefighters					
Fire Fighting	 Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. 				

Fire Fighting Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area. Combustible. Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO). Combustion products include: carbon monoxide (CO) carbon dioxide (CO2) silicon dioxide (SiO2) other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

May emit corrosive fumes.

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See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear impervious gloves and safety goggles. Trowel up/scrape up.
Major Spills	Minor hazard. Clear area of personnel. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment as required.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.		
	Safe handling	 Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Use in a well-ventilated area. Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.
	Other information	 Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	 Metal can or drum Packaging as recommended by manufacturer. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks. 	
Storage incompatibility	► Avoid reaction with oxidising agents	

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	TEEL-1	TEEL-2		TEEL-3
polydimethylsiloxane	65 mg/m3	720 mg/m3		4,300 mg/m3
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH	
ethyltriacetoxysilane	Not Available		Not Available	
polydimethylsiloxane	Not Available		Not Available	

Exposure controls

controls Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk. Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically Personal protection ► Safety glasses with side shields

Eye and face protection

Appropriate engineering

Chemical goggles.

Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task.

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

Skin protection

See Hand protection below

Hands/feet protection

Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.

The basic types of engineering controls are:

▶ Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber See Other protection below

Body protection

Overalls.

Other protection

 P.V.C apron. Barrier cream.

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► Skin cleansing cream

Respiratory protection

Type A-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Selection of the Class and Type of respirator will depend upon the level of breathing zone contaminant and the chemical nature of the contaminant. Protection Factors (defined as the ratio of contaminant outside and inside the mask) may also be important.

Required minimum protection factor Maximum gas/vapour concentration present in air p.p.m. (by volume)		Half-face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator
up to 10	1000	A-AUS / Class1 P2	-
up to 50	1000	-	A-AUS / Class 1 P2
up to 50	5000	Airline *	-
up to 100	5000	-	A-2 P2
up to 100	10000	-	A-3 P2
100+			Airline**

^{* -} Continuous Flow ** - Continuous-flow or positive pressure demand

 $A(All \ classes) = Organic \ vapours, \ B \ AUS \ or \ B1 = Acid \ gasses, \ B2 = Acid \ gas \ or \ hydrogen \ cyanide(HCN), \ B3 = Acid \ gas \ or \ hydrogen \ cyanide(HCN), \ E = Sulfur \ dioxide(SO2), \ G = Agricultural \ chemicals, \ K = Ammonia(NH3), \ Hg = Mercury, \ NO = Oxides \ of \ nitrogen, \ MB = Methyl \ bromide, \ AX = Low \ boiling \ point \ organic \ compounds(below 65 \ degC)$

- ▶ Cartridge respirators should never be used for emergency ingress or in areas of unknown vapour concentrations or oxygen content.
- The wearer must be warned to leave the contaminated area immediately on detecting any odours through the respirator. The odour may indicate that the mask is not functioning properly, that the vapour concentration is too high, or that the mask is not properly fitted. Because of these limitations, only restricted use of cartridge respirators is considered appropriate.
- Cartridge performance is affected by humidity. Cartridges should be changed after 2 hr of continuous use unless it is determined that the humidity is less than 75%, in which case, cartridges can be used for 4 hr. Used cartridges should be discarded daily, regardless of the length of time used

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Transparents or tinted paste with a pungent odour; does not mix with water.		
Physical state	Non Slump Paste	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.0
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	460 approx.
pH (as supplied)	Not Applicable	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (Not Available%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Inhaled

Information on toxicological effects

The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.

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Ingestion	The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence.		
Skin Contact	There is some evidence to suggest that this material can cause inflammation of the skin on contact in some persons.		
Eye	There is some evidence to suggest that this material can cause eye irritation and damage in some persons.		
Chronic	Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to the health (as classified by EC Directives using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as a matter of course.		
Ardex SE Silicone	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
7.1.40X 0_ 0.1100110	Not Available	Not Available	
	тохісіту	IRRITATION	
ethyltriacetoxysilane	Oral (Rat) LD50; 1460 mg/kg ^[1]	Not Available	
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
polydimethylsiloxane	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >3000 mg/kg ^[2]	Eye (rabbit): 100 mg/1h - mild	
	Oral (Rat) LD50; >35000 mg/kg ^[2]		
Legend:	Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute to. specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemic		
ETHYLTRIACETOXYSILANE	Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ends. This may be due to a non-allergic condition known as reactive airways dysfunction syndrome (RADS) which can occur after exposure to high levels of highly irritating compound. Main criteria for diagnosing RADS include the absence of previous airways disease in a non-atopic individual, with sudden onset of persistent asthma-like symptoms within minutes to hours of a documented exposure to the irritant. Other criteria for diagnosis of RADS include a reversible airflow pattern on lung function tests, moderate to severe bronchial hyperreactivity on methacholine challenge testing, and the lack of minimal lymphocytic inflammation, without eosinophilia. The material may produce severe irritation to the eye causing pronounced inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may produce conjunctivitis. The material may produce respiratory tract irritation, and result in damage to the lung including reduced lung function. The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce on contact skin redness, swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling and thickening of the skin. No data of toxicological significance identified in literature search.		
	No toxic response noted during 90 day subchronic inhalation toxicity studenon-sensitising in human patch test. [Xerox]*	dies The no observable effect level is 450 mg/m3. Non-irritating and	

POLYDIMETHYLSILOXANE

Siloxanes may impair liver and hormonal function, as well as the lung and kidney. They have not been found to be irritating to the skin and eyes. They may potentially cause cancer (tumours of the womb in females) and may cause impaired fertility or infertility.

The material may be irritating to the eye, with prolonged contact causing inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may produce conjunctivitis.

Acute Toxicity	×	Carcinogenicity	×
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	×	Reproductivity	×
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	✓	STOT - Single Exposure	X
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×

Legend:

★ - Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification

🎺 – Data available to make classification

SECTION 12 Ecological information

	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
Ardex SE Silicone	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	NOEC(ECx)	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	16.98mg/l	2
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	23.03mg/l	2
ethyltriacetoxysilane	LC50	96h	Fish	79-88mg/l	2
	EC50	48h	Crustacea	62mg/l	2
	EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	1200mg/l	2
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
polydimethylsiloxane	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Legend:		The state of the s	HA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Informatio		
		se - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC tion Data 8. Vendor Data	Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bio	concentration Data 7. N	1ETI (Japa

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Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
ethyltriacetoxysilane	HIGH	HIGH

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
ethyltriacetoxysilane	LOW (LogKOW = 0.7378)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
ethyltriacetoxysilane	LOW (KOC = 69.91)

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal
 Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
 Consult State Land Waste Authority for disposal.
 Bury or incinerate residue at an approved site.
 Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant NO

Land transport (UN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
ethyltriacetoxysilane	Not Available
polydimethylsiloxane	Not Available

Transport in bulk in accordance with the ICG Code

Product name	Ship Type	
ethyltriacetoxysilane	Not Available	
polydimethylsiloxane	Not Available	

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

ethyltriacetoxysilane is found on the following regulatory lists

Not Applicable

polydimethylsiloxane is found on the following regulatory lists

Not Applicable

National Inventory Status

National Inventory Status	
National Inventory	Status
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Yes
Canada - DSL	Yes
Canada - NDSL	No (ethyltriacetoxysilane; polydimethylsiloxane)
China - IECSC	Yes
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	No (polydimethylsiloxane)
Japan - ENCS	No (polydimethylsiloxane)
Korea - KECI	Yes
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes
Philippines - PICCS	Yes
USA - TSCA	Yes

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National Inventory	Status
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes
Mexico - INSQ	No (ethyltriacetoxysilane)
Vietnam - NCI	Yes
Russia - FBEPH	Yes
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.

SECTION 16 Other information

Revision Date	01/11/2019
Initial Date	24/02/2006

SDS Version Summary

Version	Date of Update	Sections Updated
4.1	24/12/2015	Acute Health (eye), Acute Health (skin), Classification, Engineering Control, Fire Fighter (fire/explosion hazard), First Aid (eye), First Aid (skin), Handling Procedure, Ingredients, Personal Protection (other), Personal Protection (Respirator), Personal Protection (eye), Personal Protection (hands/feet), Physical Properties, Spills (major), Storage (storage incompatibility), Storage (storage requirement), Supplier Information
5.1	01/11/2019	One-off system update. NOTE: This may or may not change the GHS classification

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

ES: Exposure Standard

OSF: Odour Safety Factor NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

LOD: Limit Of Detection

OTV: Odour Threshold Value BCF: BioConcentration Factors

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

DSL: Domestic Substances List

NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China

EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

NLP: No-Longer Polymers

ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory

KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory

NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act

TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas

NCI: National Chemical Inventory

FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

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